

STATISCHE BEREKENING

Boorlocatie: BOXTEL
Waterput (water pit)

documentnr. 233229-CB-03
revisie: 0
29 september 2010

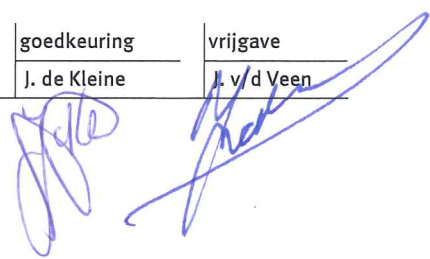
Auteur(s)

D. van Dijk

Opdrachtgever

Brabant Resources B.V.

datum vrijgave	beschrijving revisie	goedkeuring	vrijgave
29-sep-10	0 : t.b.v. bouwvraag	J. de Kleine	J. v/d Veen



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1 Inleiding

In dit rapport wordt een statische berekening van een waterput gemaakt ten behoeve van de aanvraag van een bouwvergunning voor een boorlocatie te Boxtel. De berekeningen zijn uitgevoerd door Ingenieursbureau 'Oranjewoud' B.V. te Heerenveen in opdracht van Brabant Resources B.V.

De waterput is een standaard onderdeel van een boorlocatie en wordt prefab vervaardigd met een inwendige afmeting (l x b x h) van 10,0 x 2,4 x 1,6m. De put wordt op staal gefundeerd en zal bijna volledig worden ingegraven.

Uit dit document moeten de volgende zaken blijken:

- aangehouden belasting;
- krachtswerking;
- benodigde wapening;
- hijsvoorziening.

Contactgegevens

Project: 233229 Brabant Resources voorbereiding aanleg boorlocatie Schijndel

Opdrachtgever: Brabant Resources B.V.

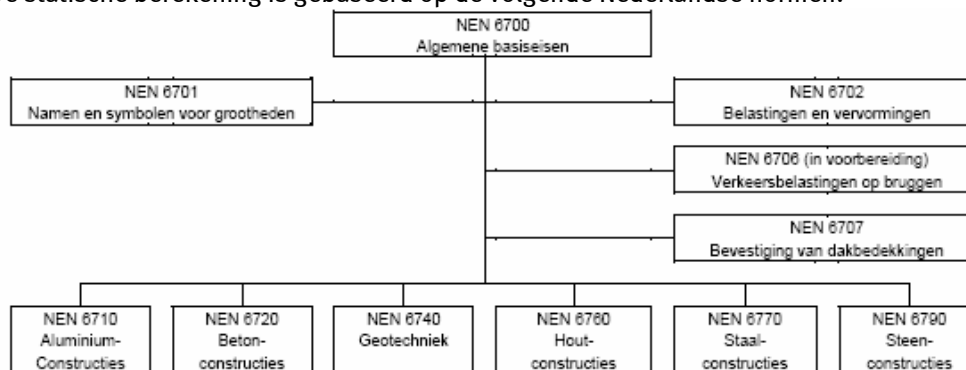
2 Constructieve gegevens

2.1 Informatiedragers

Tekening Oranjewoud, 233229-BXT-DD-03, d.d. 29-09-2010
Documentatie Pfeifer, hijsvoorziening

2.2 Normen & voorschriften

De statische berekening is gebaseerd op de volgende Nederlandse normen:



2.3 Veiligheidsklasse

De gebruiksfunctie van de waterput kan overeenkomstig NEN 6702, artikel 5.1 aangemerkt worden als *bouwwerk t.b.v. primaire nutsvoorzieningen*. Het bouwwerk behoort daarmee tot veiligheidsklasse 3 met een referentieperiode van 50 jaar.

Voor fundamentele belastingcombinaties in de uiterste grenstoestanden van het bouwwerk wordt gerekend met de volgende veiligheidsfactoren:

$$\begin{aligned}\gamma_{f;g;u} &= 1,35 \text{ (permanent);} \\ \gamma_{f;g;u} &= 1,20 \text{ (ongunstig);} \\ \gamma_{f;g;u} &= 0,90 \text{ (gunstig);} \\ \gamma_{f;q;u} &= 1,50 \text{ (veranderlijk).}\end{aligned}$$

Voor incidentele belastingcombinaties in de bruikbaarheidsgrenstoestanden van het bouwwerk wordt gerekend met de volgende veiligheidsfactoren:

$$\begin{aligned}\gamma_{f;g;SER} &= 1,0 \text{ (permanent);} \\ \gamma_{f;q;SER} &= 1,0 \text{ (veranderlijk).}\end{aligned}$$

Overeenkomstig NEN 6740, artikel 6.2.3 en 8.4 valt de waterput in Geotechnisch Categorie 2 (GC2).

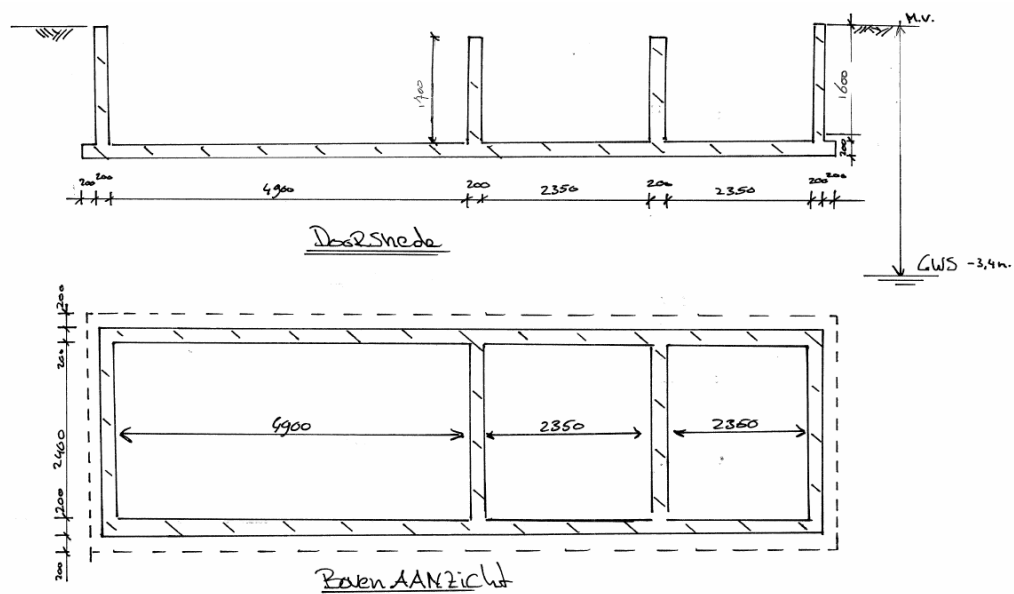
2.4 Materialen/kwaliteiten

Beton	prefab C28/35
Milieuklasse	XA3 (binnenzijde), XC2 (buitenzijde)
Dekkingen	bovenzijde 30mm (controleerbaar) onderzijde 25mm + 5mm (oncontroleerbaar)
Betonstaal	FeB500 HWL (staven) FeB500 HKN (netten)

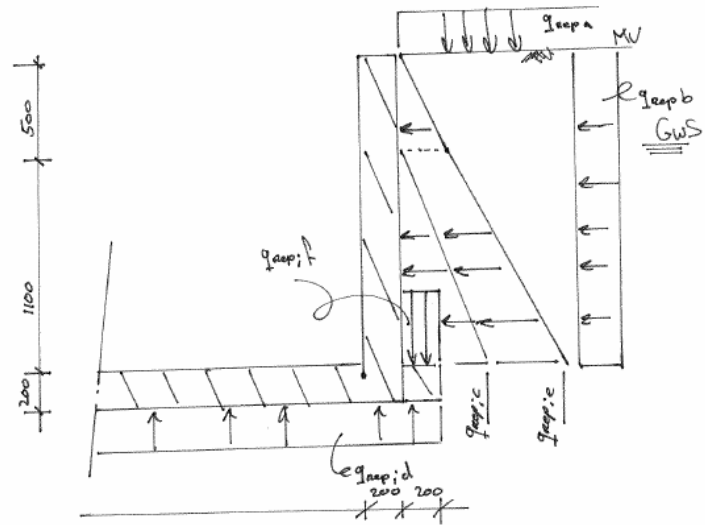
2.5 Terrein

GWS is aangehouden op een 0,5m minus maaiveld

2.6 Schematische overzichten



2.7 Belastingsschema



2.8 Belastingen

Uitgangspunten voor de bovenbelasting:

$$p_{rep} = 30 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{per strook van } 1\text{m}^1 \text{ breed} \rightarrow q_{rep;a} = 30 \text{ kN/m}^1.$$

Horizontaal $\lambda_N = 0,50$

$$p_{rep;b} = 0,50 \times 30 \text{ kN/m}^2 = 15 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{per strook van } 1\text{m}^1 \text{ breed} \rightarrow q_{rep;b} = 15 \text{ kN/m}^1.$$

Ten gevolge van de grondwaterstand:

$$\text{op kelderwand } p_{rep;c} = 10 \text{ kN/m}^2 \times 1,1 \text{ m} = 11,0 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{per strook van } 1\text{m}^1 \text{ breed} \rightarrow q_{rep;c} = 11,0 \text{ kN/m}^1.$$

$$\text{op bodem } p_{rep;d} = 10 \text{ kN/m}^2 \times 1,3 \text{ m} = 13,0 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{per strook van } 1\text{m}^1 \text{ breed} \rightarrow q_{rep;d} = 13,0 \text{ kN/m}^1.$$

$$\text{Zand schoon, vochtig} \quad \gamma^c = 18 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$\text{Zand schoon, nat} \quad \gamma_{SAT} = 20 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

Ten gevolge van de grondbelasting:

$$\text{boven GWS } p_{rep;e} = 18 \text{ kN/m}^3 \times 0,5 \text{ m} \times 0,5 = 4,5 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{per strook van } 1\text{m}^1 \text{ breed} \rightarrow q_{rep;e} = 4,5 \text{ kN/m}^1.$$

$$\text{boven GWS } p_{rep;e} = (20 - 10) \text{ kN/m}^3 \times 1,1 \text{ m} \times 0,5 = 5,5 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{per strook van } 1\text{m}^1 \text{ breed} \rightarrow q_{rep;e} = 5,5 \text{ kN/m}^1.$$

$$q_{rep;e \text{ TOTAAL}} = 4,5 + 5,5 = 10,0 \text{ kN/m}^1.$$

$$\text{op oor } p_{rep;f} = (0,5 \text{ m} \times 18 \text{ kN/m}^3) + (1,1 \times (20 - 10) \text{ kN/m}^3) = 20 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{per strook van } 1\text{m}^1 \text{ breed} \rightarrow q_{rep;f} = 20 \text{ kN/m}^1.$$

$$\text{actief op oor } F_{rep;1} = (20 - 10) \text{ kN/m}^3 \times (1,7 \text{ m} \times 0,85 \text{ m} / 2) = 7,2 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.9 Controle opdrijven

Uitgangspunt GWS = 0,5m -MV
Diepte kelder = 1,2m - MV
Uitwendige afmeting = 3,2 x 10,8 x 1,8m (l x b x h)

Opwaarts (waterdruk)

$$3,2 \times 10,8 \times (1,8 - 0,5) \text{m} \times 10 \text{kN/m}^3 = 450 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$

Neerwaarts (eigengewicht)

Bodemplaat 3,2m x 10,8m x 0,2m x 24kN/m ³	=	166	kN
Kopwanden 2,8m x 1,6m x 0,2m x 24kN/m ³ x 2st.	=	43	kN
Langswanden 10,0m x 1,6m x 0,2m x 24kN/m ³ x 2st.	=	154	kN
Tussenwanden 2,4m x 1,5m x 0,2m x 24kN/m ³ x 2st.	=	34	kN
TOTAAL	=	397	kN↓

$$\text{Grond op oren: } 3,2\text{m} \times 10,8\text{m} - 2,8\text{m} \times 10,4\text{m} = 5,44\text{m}^2$$

$$\text{boven GWS} = 5,44\text{m}^2 \times 0,5\text{m} \times 18\text{kN/m}^3 = 49 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{onder GWS} = 5,44\text{m}^2 \times 1,1\text{m} \times (20 - 10)\text{kN/m}^3 = 60 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{TOTAAL} = 109 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$

$$\text{Actieve grondruk: } 2 \times (2,8\text{m} + 10,4\text{m}) = 26,4\text{m} \times 18 \text{ kN/m}^3 = 475 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

boven GWS =

$$475\text{kN/m}^2 \times [(\text{TAN}(25^\circ) \times 1,1\text{m} \times 0,5\text{m}) + (0,5\text{m} \times \text{TAN}(33^\circ) \times 0,5\text{m}/2)] = 155 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{onder GWS} = 26,4\text{m} \times \text{TAN}(25^\circ) \times 1,1\text{m} \times (0,5 \times 1,1) \times (20 - 10)\text{kN/m}^3 = 74 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{TOTAAL} = 229 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$

$$\text{U.C.} = 450 \times 1,1 / (397 + 109 + 229) \times 0,9 = 0,73 \leq 1 \Rightarrow \text{voldoet}$$

3 Wapeningsberekening na raamwerkberekening

Voor rekenschema waterput zie bijlage B voor schematisering, invoer belastingen, momenten, dwarskrachten, enz.

Wapening ter plaatse van wand inklemming:

$$M_{d,max} = 43,0 \text{ kNm}$$

$$A_{s,benodigd} = 43,0 \times 10^6 / 0,9 \times 160 \times 435 = 686 \text{ mm}^2$$

Toe te passen Ø10-100 (785mm²)

Stekken vloer in wand Ø 10-100 (785mm²) $l_g = 500 \text{ mm}$ t.o.v. stortnaad

Horizontale wandwapening Ø10-100 (785mm²) t.b.v. krimpvervorming

Stekken wand in wand Ø 10-100 (785mm²) $l_g = 500 \text{ mm}$

Wapening in kelderbodem:

$$M_{d,max} = 40,0 \text{ kNm}$$

$$A_{s,benodigd} = 40,0 \times 10^6 / 0,9 \times 160 \times 435 = 639 \text{ mm}^2$$

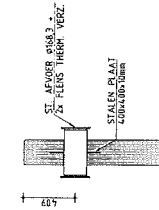
Toe te passen Ø10-100 (785mm²)

Stekken in vloer Ø 10-100 (785mm²) i.v.m. oor $l_g = 900 \text{ mm}$

Eigen gewicht kelder 39,7 ton → toe te passen: 4 st. PFEIFER Flat Steel Anchor

Type RD 52 (12,5 ton p/stuk).

Bijlage A: Informatiedragers



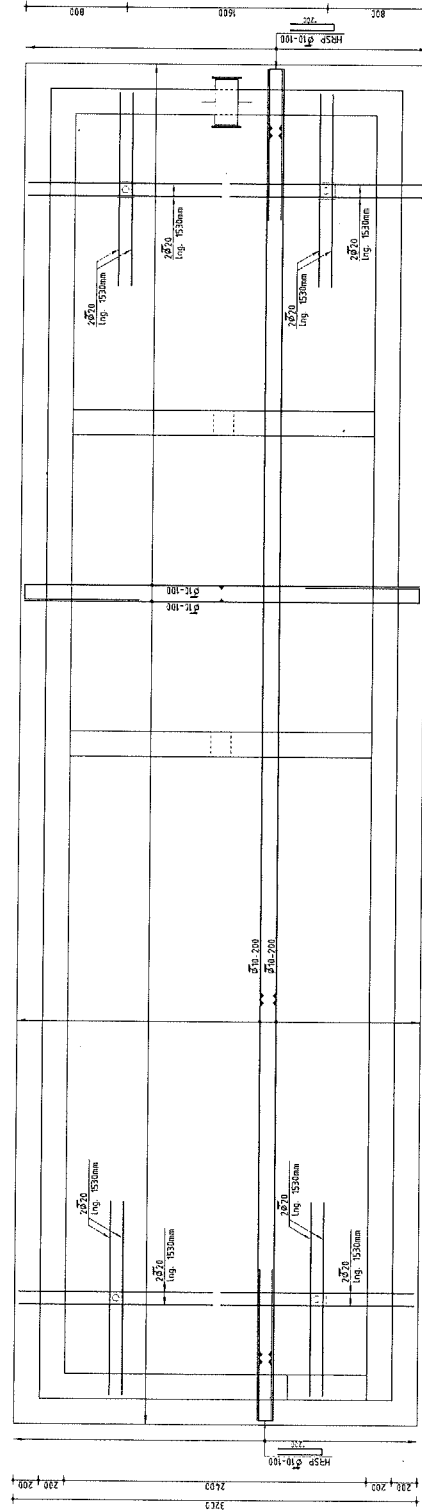
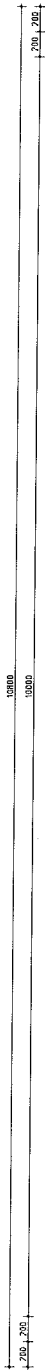
VUILWATERPUT
STW 241 150

DOORSNEDE 1A EN 1B
SCHAAI 1:20

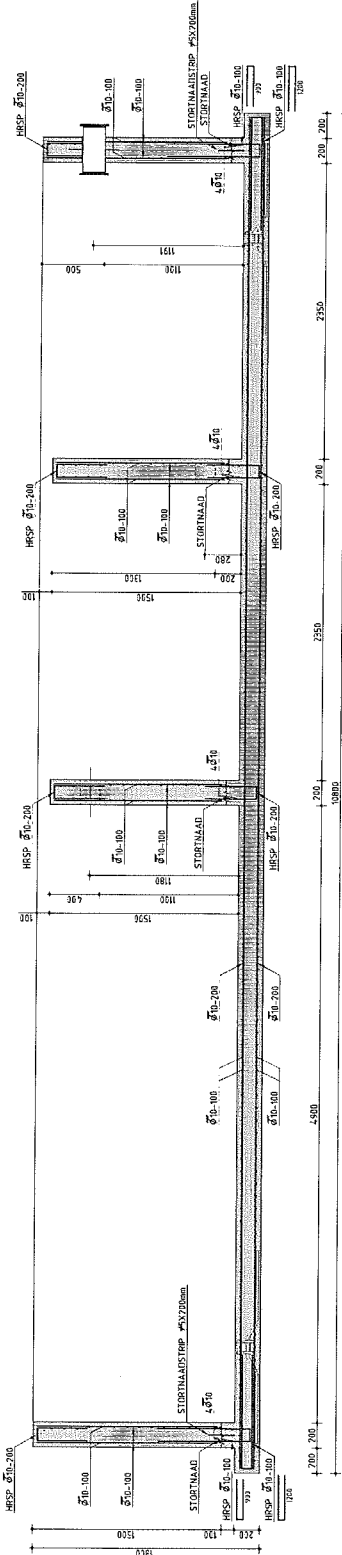
DOORSNEDE 2

DOORSNEDE 3

DETAIL HIJSANKER
SCHAKAL 120



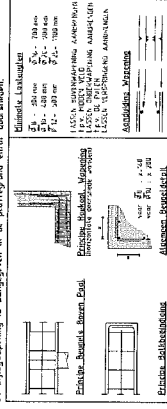
BOVENAANZICHT
SCHAAL 1-20



MOORSNEDE A-A
CHAAL 1:20

GRONDWATERSTAND TOT 0,5m MINUS MAAIVELD.
EIGENGEMICHT PUT: 42,0 TON = 420 KN
PUT ALTIJD HUIZEN MET EVENAAR !!

De doorgaande basiswapening is aangegeven in de doorsneden.
De bijlegwapening is aangegeven in de plattegrond en/of doorsneden.

[illegible]

CD	24-06-2010	CONCEPT	P _h
NA	DATUM	WUWING	CAV

ABANT RESOURCES B.V.
NACHTUEVEN
LIRENAN
P. KALWA
ECNA
1:50'120

JETOMSCHILVING
ORLOCATIE BOXTEL
T. JORITSMA
AI

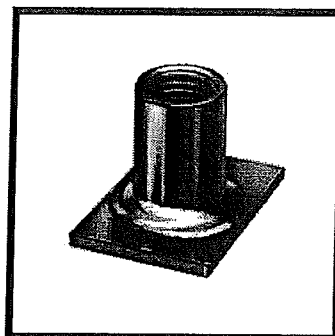
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ARMEN WARPENING (FORM AND REINFORCEMENT)

[illegible]

PFEIFER Flat steel Anchor

Item-No. 05.002



PFEIFER

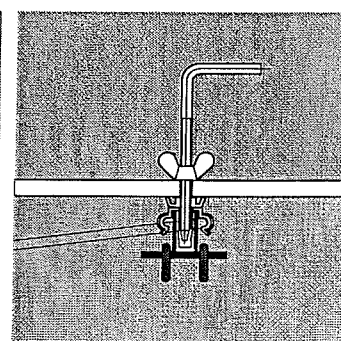
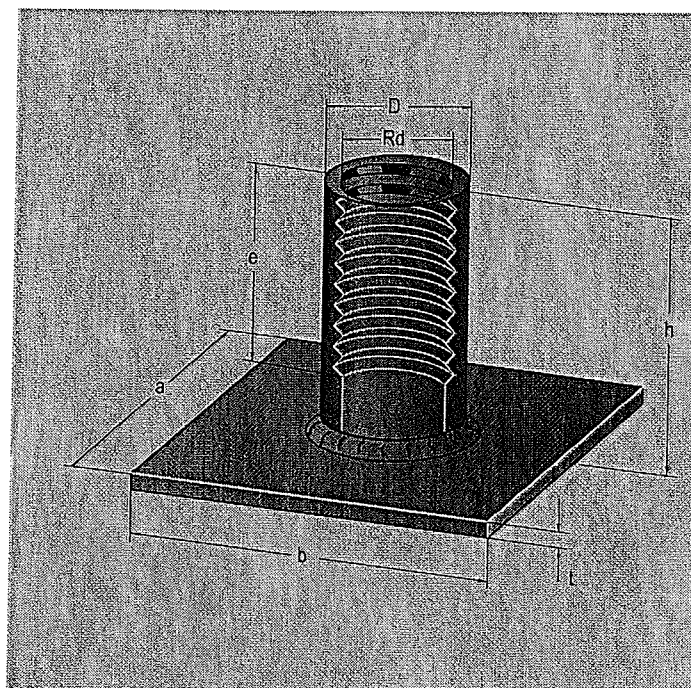
Thread System
Lifting Anchor

PFEIFER Flat Steel Anchors are designed for lifting of precast concrete units of minimal height. The dimensions of the flat steel plate welded to the socket allow positioning the reinforcement bars directly on the flat steel. Thus a safe transmission of forces into the concrete via the reinforcement is guaranteed.

Upon request PFEIFER Flat Steel anchors can be supplied with longer sockets.

Material:

Socket high grade precision steel tube, welded onto flat steel black or zinc-plated or
Socket welded onto flat steel



Ref. No. plain	Ref. No. zinc-plated	Ref. No. stainless steel	MWL t	adm. F _z kN	adm. F ₀ kN	Rd	D	Dimensions mm					Weight approx. kg/100 pieces		
								a	x	b	x	t	e	h	
05.002.122	05.002.123	05.002.124	0,5	5	5	Rd 12 x 1,75	15,0	35	x	25	x	3	22	30	4,0
05.002.142	05.002.143	05.002.144	0,8	8	8	Rd 14 x 2,00	18,0	35	x	35	x	3	25	33	6,0
05.002.162	05.002.163	05.002.164	1,2	12	12	Rd 16 x 2,00	21,0	50	x	35	x	3	27	35	9,0
05.002.182	05.002.183	05.002.184	1,6	16	16	Rd 18 x 2,50	24,0	60	x	45	x	5	34	44	18,5
05.002.202	05.002.203	05.002.204	2,0	20	20	Rd 20 x 2,50	27,0	60	x	60	x	5	35	47	24,5
05.002.242	05.002.243	05.002.244	2,5	25	25	Rd 24 x 3,00	31,0	80	x	60	x	5	43	54	33,0
05.002.302	05.002.303	05.002.304	4,0	40	40	Rd 30 x 3,50	39,5	100	x	80	x	6	56	72	67,0
05.002.362	05.002.363	05.002.364	6,3	63	63	Rd 36 x 4,00	47,0	130	x	100	x	6	68	84	107,0
05.002.422	05.002.423	05.002.424	8,0	80	80	Rd 42 x 4,50	54,0	130	x	130	x	8	80	98	174,0
05.002.522	05.002.523	05.002.524	12,5	125	125	Rd 52 x 5,00	67,2	150	x	130	x	8	97	117	254,0

(Note: 10kN = 10 Kilonewton = mass of 1ton or 1.000 kg)

adm. F_z : admissible straight force

adm. F_Q : admissible transversal shear force (see instructions overleaf)

MWL: Maximum working load

Sample order: 500 PFEIFER Flat Steel Anchors, zinc-plated, MWL 6,3 t
500 PFEIFER Flat Steel Anchors, ref. no. 05.002.363

Installation Instructions for PFEIFER Flat Steel Anchor



The following instructions pertain just to the above article and are important, but the additional General Installation Instructions for the PFEIFER Thread System and the General Technical Introduction concerning the PFEIFER Lifting Anchor Systems must also be observed.

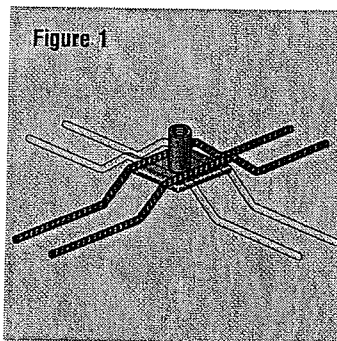
1. Reinforcement

PFEIFER Flat Steel Anchors are for use with concrete with a minimum compressive strength of 15 N/mm² at the time of the first lifting. It is necessary to install special reinforcement to transmit the forces, as well as a surface area reinforcement mesh. The surface reinforcement is shown in Table 1. Other forms of reinforcement, e.g. steel bars with corresponding cross sections can be used.

Table 1 – Surface reinforcement

Size	Surface* reinforcement [mm ² /m]	Size	Surface* reinforcement [mm ² /m]
Rd 12	131	Rd 24	188
Rd 14	131	Rd 30	221
Rd 16	131	Rd 36	221
Rd 18	188	Rd 42	513
Rd 20	188	Rd 52	513

* The required amount of reinforcement has to be installed in both directions.



The required special reinforcement and its arrangement are shown in Table 2, Fig. 1 and Fig. 2.

The special reinforcement must be put over the flat steel and fixed there. Close contact is important.

As from size Rd 24 the installation should be in pairs, crossed.

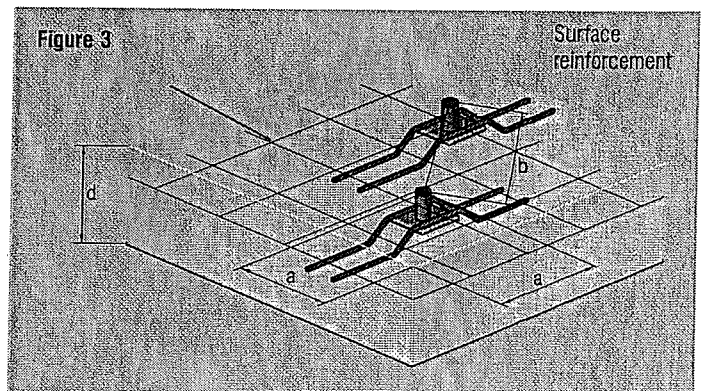


Table 3 – Minimum dimensions

Size	adm. F_z/F_0 kN	Edge Distance a mm	Minimum Distance b mm	Minimum Slab Thickness d mm
Rd 12	5	180	350	75
Rd 14	8	180	350	85
Rd 16	12	250	500	85
Rd 18	16	300	600	100
Rd 20	20	300	600	100
Rd 24	25	400	800	120
Rd 30	40	500	1000	140
Rd 36	63	650	1300	160
Rd 42	80	650	1300	170
Rd 52	125	750	1500	200

The minimum panel thickness was determined by taking the concrete cover to 20 mm to section. For other uses and environmental conditions, the concrete cover c corresponding to section 6.3 of DIN 1045-1 must be increased so enlarging the panel thickness (Fig. 4.). When making a recessed installation with the PFEIFER Recess Disc or the Magnetic Fixing, the minimum panel thickness must be increased by the depth of the recess.

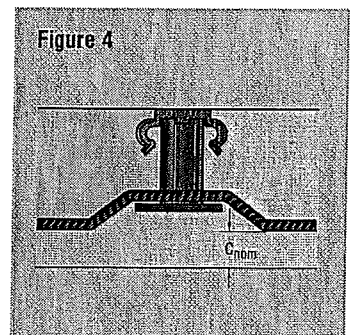


Figure 1

Figure 2

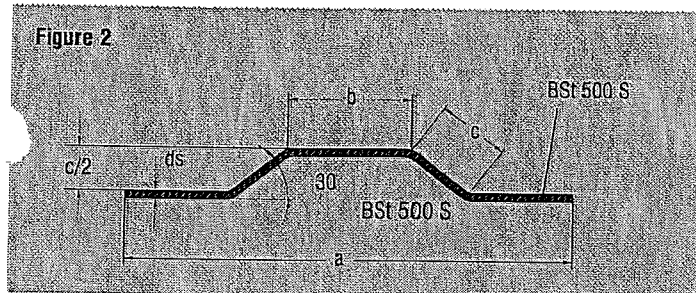


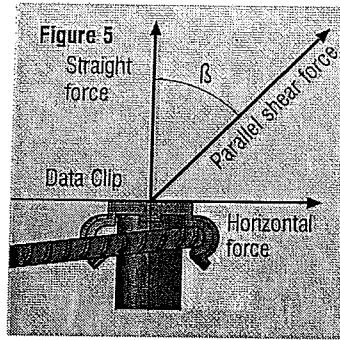
Table 2 – Special reinforcement for Flat Steel Anchors

Size	Maximum Working Load t	adm. F_z/F_0 kN	Number of Rebars (Fig. 2)	d_s mm	a mm	b mm	c mm
Rd 12	0,5	5	2	6	250	60	60
Rd 14	0,8	8	2	6	360	60	70
Rd 16	1,2	12	2	8	420	90	70
Rd 18	1,6	16	2	8	530	90	80
Rd 20	2,0	20	2	8	640	90	80
Rd 24	2,5	25	4	10	640	90	100
Rd 30	4,0	40	4	12	830	90	110
Rd 36	6,3	63	4	14	1140	140	120
Rd 42	8,0	80	4	16	1250	140	120
Rd 52	12,5	125	4	20	1530	140	150

As from size Rd 24 the installation should be in pairs, crossed – according to Fig. 8.

3. Parallel pull reinforcement

If Flat Steel Anchors are stressed through inclined forces – see Fig. 5 and 6 – the ensuing horizontal force components must be taken by the concrete itself. Therefore as from a parallel shear pull angle β of more than $12,5^\circ$, a parallel shear pull reinforcement is necessary, running at right angles to the Flat Steel Anchor, according to Table 4 (see Fig. 7). This parallel shear reinforcement is fixed to the Flat Steel Anchor with the Data Clip (Fig. 5). Close contact is important! The parallel shear pull reinforcement must be installed in the opposite direction to the horizontal force components.



4. Transversal force

When the Flat Steel Anchor is stressed by transversal pull, the ensuing forces must be transmitted into the panel with a suitable reinforcement. This demands the positioning of the parallel shear reinforcement (Table 4) and the special reinforcement (Table 2) according to Fig. 8.

The special reinforcement (Table 2) must be positioned in the direction of the forces when using sizes Rd 12 to Rd 20. For sizes R 24 to Rd 52 a special reinforcement (Table 2) inserted cross wise is absolutely necessary to transmit the full load.

Other conditions are the same as when installing with straight pull.

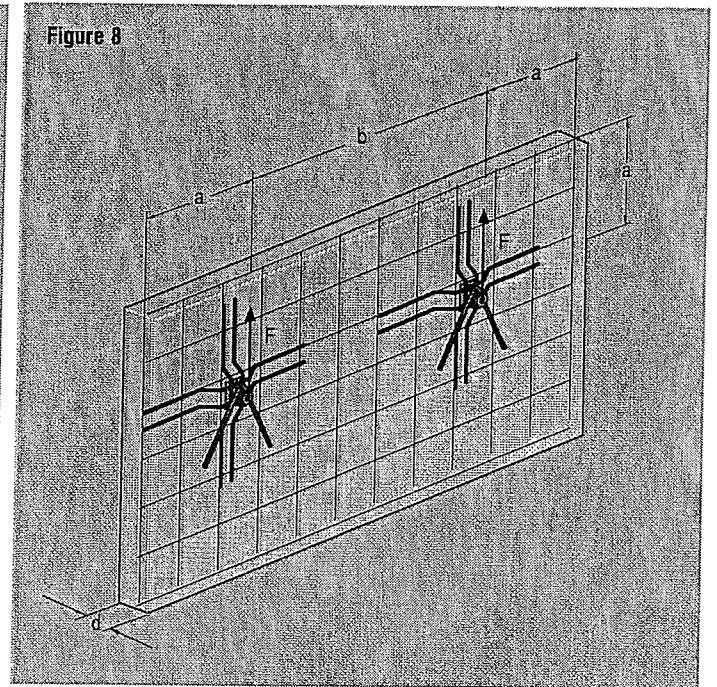
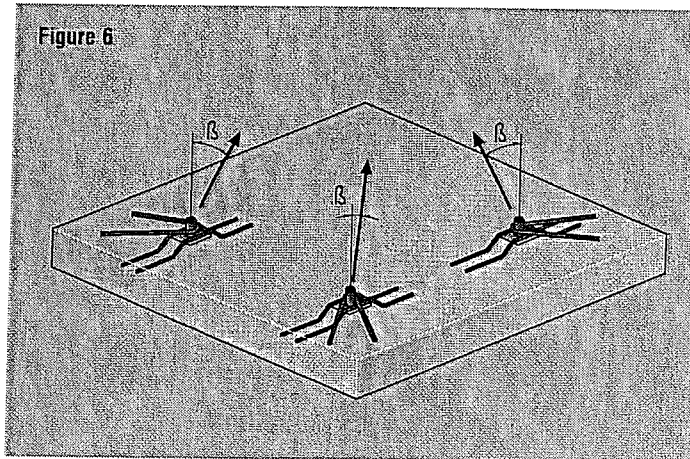
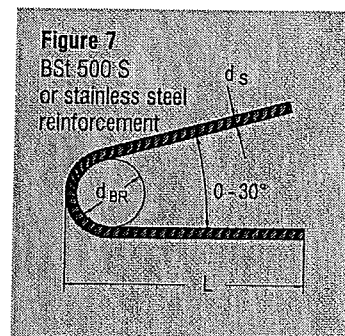


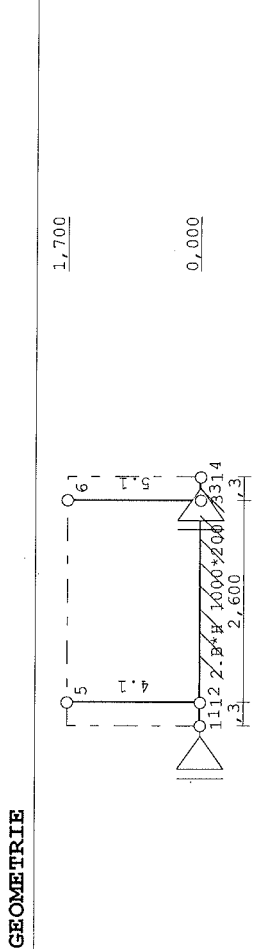
Table 4 – Parallel shear reinforcement with an angle of inclination $\beta > 12,5^\circ$

Size	adm. F_z kN	d_s mm	L mm	d_{br} mm
Rd 12	5	6	160	24
Rd 14	8	6	250	24
Rd 16	12	8	280	32
Rd 18	16	8	340	32
Rd 20	20	8	410	32
Rd 24	25	10	460	40
Rd 30	40	12	550	48
Rd 36	63	14	700	56
Rd 42	80	16	800	64
Rd 52	125	20	1000	140

Length (L) according to DIN 1045-1, section 12.6.2 C12/15, good bond condition.



Bijlage B: Supplement Technosoft rekenschema



STRAMIENLIJNEN

Nr.	X	Z-min	Z-max
1	0.000	0.000	1.700
2	0.300	0.000	1.700
3	2.900	0.000	1.700
4	3.200	0.000	1.700

NIVEAUS

Nr.	Z	X-min	X-max
1	0.000	0.000	3.200
2	1.700	0.000	3.200

MATERIALEN

Mt	Omschrijving	E-modulus [N/mm2]	S.M. Pois.	Uitz. coëff
1	C28/35	11000	24.0	0.20

MATERIALEN vervolg

Mt	Omschrijving	Kruipfac.	Toeslag	Rho [kg/m3]
1	C28/35	2.40	Normaal	2400

PROFIELEN vervolg [mm]

Prof.	Staat	Type	Breedte	Hoogte	e	Type	b1	h1	b2	h2
1	0:Normaal		1000	200	100.0	0:RH				

KNOPEN

Knoop	X	Z	Knoop	X	Z
1	0.000	0.000	6	2.900	1.700
2	0.300	0.000			
3	2.900	0.000			
4	3.200	0.000			
5	0.300	1.700			

STAVEN

St.	ki	kj	Profiel	Aansl.i	Aansl.j	Lengte Opm.
1	1	2	1:B*H 1000*200	NDM	NDM	0.300
2	2	3	1:B*H 1000*200	NDM	NDM	2.600
3	3	4	1:B*H 1000*200	NDM	NDM	0.300
4	2	5	1:B*H 1000*200	NDM	NDM	1.700
5	3	6	1:B*H 1000*200	NDM	NDM	1.700

VASTE STEUNPUNTEN

Nr.	knoop	Kode	XZR	l-vast	0-vrij	Hoek
1	1	100				0.00
2	4	100				0.00

BEDDINGEN

Nr.	Staven	Bedding	Breedte [mm]	Zijde
1	2,3	2000	1000	negatief

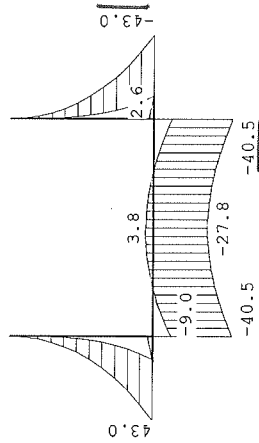
BELASTINGGEVALLEN

B.G.	Omschrijving	Type	e.g.x	e.g.z
1	Permanente belasting		1	0.00
2	Bovenbelasting		1	0.00

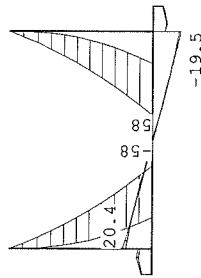
Project.: 233229 Boorlocatie Boxtel
Onderdeel: waterput 1600mm

OMHULLENDE VAN DE FUNDAMENTELE COMBINATIES

MOMENTEN

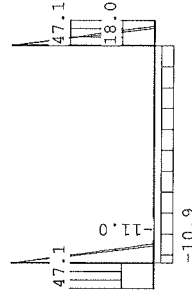


DWARSKRACHTEN



$$M_d = \frac{58 \times 10^3}{1000 \times 0.60} = 96.7 \approx 96 \text{ Mm}^2$$

NORMAALKRACHTEN



STAATSKRACHTEN

STAAFKRACHTEN						Fundamentele combinatie								
			NXi/NXj			DZi/DZj				MYi/MYj				
St.	Kn.	Pos.	Min	BC	Max	BC	Min	BC	Max	BC	Min	BC	Max	BC
1	1	1	18.02	2	47.09	1	6.48	1	7.29	2	0.00	1	-0.00	2
	1	0.200	18.02	2	47.09	1	9.31	1	10.48	2	1.58	1	1.78	2
	1		18.02	2	47.09	1	8.33	1	9.37	2	2.46	1	2.77	2
2	2		-10.87	1	-4.16	2	18.12	1	20.38	2	-40.54	1	-9.03	2
2		0.579	-10.87	1	-4.16	2	10.89	2	11.17	1	-31.93	1	0.00	2
2		1.300	-10.87	1	-4.16	2	-0.31	2	0.00	1	-27.80	1	3.79	2

Project..: 233229 Boorlocatie Boxtel
Onderdeel: waterput 1600mm

STAATSKRACHTEN

STAARFRACHTEN				Fundamentele combinatie									
St. Kn. Pos.		NXi/NXj				Dzi/Dzj				MYi/MYj			
		Min BC	Max BC	Min BC	Max BC	Min BC	Max BC	Min BC	Max BC	Min BC	Max BC	Min BC	Max BC
2	1.991	-10.87	1	-4.16	2	-10.75	1	-10.59	2	-31.59	1	0.00	2
2	3	-10.87	1	-4.16	2	-19.46	2	-18.12	1	-40.54	1	-9.16	2
3	3	18.02	2	47.09	1	-8.44	2	-8.33	1	2.46	1	2.63	2
3	0.100	18.02	2	47.09	1	-9.87	2	-9.31	1	1.58	1	1.72	2
3	4	18.02	2	47.09	1	-7.29	2	-6.48	1	0.00	1	0.00	2
4	2	-11.02	2	-9.79	1	-57.96	1	-22.17	2	11.80	2	43.00	1
4	5	0.00	2	0.00	1	0.00	1	0.00	2	0.00	2	0.00	1
5	3	-11.02	2	-9.79	1	22.17	2	57.96	1	-43.00	1	-11.80	2
5	6	-0.00	2	-0.00	1	-0.00	2	-0.00	1	-0.00	1	-0.00	2

TUSSEN PUNTEN VERPLAATSINGEN

St. Kn. Pos.	Z-verpl. [mm]		[N/mm ²]	
	Min	BC	Max	BC
1	1	-2.95	2	1.99
1	1	-2.93	2	1.82
1	1	-2.92	2	1.65
1	1	-2.91	2	1.48
1	1	-2.89	2	1.31
1	1	-2.88	2	1.14
1	1	-2.87	2	0.97
1	1	-2.86	2	0.80
1	1	-2.84	2	0.63
1	1	-2.83	2	0.46
1	2	-2.82	2	0.29
2	2	-2.82	2	0.29
2	2	-2.69	2	-1.01
2	2	-2.51	2	-1.98
2	2	-2.64	1	-2.33
2	2	-3.03	1	-2.17
2	2	-3.17	1	-2.03
2	2	-3.03	1	-1.93
2	2	-2.64	1	-1.86
2	2	-1.98	1	-1.80
2	2	-1.73	2	-1.01
2	3	-1.62	2	0.29
3	3	-1.62	2	0.29
3	3	-1.61	2	0.46
3	3	-1.59	2	0.63
3	3	-1.57	2	0.80
3	3	-1.56	2	0.97
3	3	-1.54	2	1.14
3	3	-1.53	2	1.31
3	3	-1.51	2	1.48
3	3	-1.50	2	1.65
3	3	-1.48	2	1.82
3	4	-1.47	2	1.99

Project...: 233229 Boorlocatie Bostel
Onderdeel: waterput 1600mm

TUSSENpunTEN VERPLAATSINGEN

Fundamentele combinatie

St. Kn. Pos.	Z-verpl. [mm]		[N/mm2]	
	Min BC	Max BC	Gronds	span.
4 2	-0.01	1	-0.00	2
4	0.170	-1.05	1	0.04 2
4	0.340	-2.24	1	0.05 2
4	0.510	-3.52	1	0.04 2
4	0.680	-4.88	1	0.01 2
4	0.850	-6.30	1	-0.02 2
4	1.020	-7.75	1	-0.06 2
4	1.190	-9.22	1	-0.11 2
4	1.360	-10.71	1	-0.15 2
4	1.530	-12.21	1	-0.20 2
4 5	-13.70	1	-0.24	2
5 3	0.00	2	0.01	1
5	0.170	0.12	2	1.05 1
5	0.340	0.27	2	2.24 1
5	0.510	0.44	2	3.52 1
5	0.680	0.63	2	4.88 1
5	0.850	0.82	2	6.30 1
5	1.020	1.03	2	7.75 1
5	1.190	1.23	2	9.22 1
5	1.360	1.44	2	10.71 1
5	1.530	1.64	2	12.21 1
5 6	1.85	2	13.70	1

OMHULLENDE VAN DE INCIDENTELE COMBINATIES

VERPLAATSINGEN	[mm]	Incidente	combinatie
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